Future Directions for Indoor Information Systems: A Panel Discussion

Moderator: Demetris Zeinalipour

University of Cyprus



MDM'18 Panelists



Rasmus S. Andersen MapsPeople

Christian S. Jensen Aalborg University





Hua Lu Aalborg University

Mohamed F. Mokbel QCRI & Univ. of Minnesota





Jianliang Xu Hong Kong Baptist University

Demetris Zeinalipour University of Cyprus Moderator



Indoor

- **People** spend **80-90%** of their time indoors USA Environmental Protection Agency 2011.
 - This is the place where most human activity, commerce, transactions, etc happen!
- >85% of data and 70% of voice traffic originates from within buildings – Nokia 2012.



Indoor Applications

Huge spectrum of indoor apps

- Navigation, Manufacturing, Asset Tracking, Inventory Management
- Healthcare, Smart Houses, Elderly support, Fitness apps
- Augmented Reality and many more.
- Indoor Revenues expected to reach 10B USD in 2020
 - ABIresearch, "Retail Indoor Location Market Breaks US\$10 Billion in 2020" Available at: <u>https://goo.gl/ehPRMn</u>, May 12, 2015.

Indoor Revenues expected to reach 23B USD in 2021

Economist, "New industry has sprung up selling "indoor-location"

services to retailers",<u>https://goo.al/iL5MwQ</u>, Dec 24th 2016.



Geographic Information Systems (GIS)

- GIS have successfully enabled the management of moving objects outdoors, since the 1970, in a vast range of apps.
 - e.g., real estate, public health, crime mapping, national defense, sustainable development, natural resources, climatology, landscape architecture, archeology, regional and community planning, transportation and logistics

• GIS for Indoor?

- Different Location Primitives: Satellite technologies not available indoor due to the blockage of satellite signals by building structures.
- indoor spaces are characterized by complex topologies (multiple floors, rooms and hallways connected by doors, walls, stairs, escalators, and elevators.)



Navigation



Geographic Mapping



Precision Agriculture



Location-based Services

Positioning Statements

Rasmus S. Andersen Indoor Challenges/Drivers MapsPeople

- Colors
- Safety (Wayfinding w/out viewing)
- Voice
- Augmented Reality
- Localization Accuracy
- Privacy
- Branding
- Offline Navigation / Hybrid Online / Offline
- Marketing



Positioning Statements

Christian S. Jensen Aalborg University

Indoor Challenges/Drivers

- Diverse indoor settings
 - Homes, hospitals, public indoor spaces
- Many more sensors
 - BT, smart-meter, digital assistants, alarm system, virtual sensors
- Many more applications/services
 - Indoor environment, security, "smart"-ness
- Improved context awareness
- Integration

Indoor Information Systems (IIS)?

- Specialized GIS tailored to the unique challenges pertinent to indoor spaces, namely:
 - indoor data management operators (similarity search, finding highly visited indoor POIs, indoor dense regions, cleansing indoor data, etc.)
 - indexes (VIPTree Indoor Spatial Queries)
 - data privacy schemes (TVM)
 - built-in data-driven localization algorithms (using Wi-Fi fingerprinting, Bluetooth, camera, etc.)
 - Crowdsourcing (GraphSLAM, Anyplace)
- Take fresh look at the following:
 - New Indoor Operators/Indexes
 - Multidimensional Sensor Data
 - Velocity
 - Privacy
 - Big Data

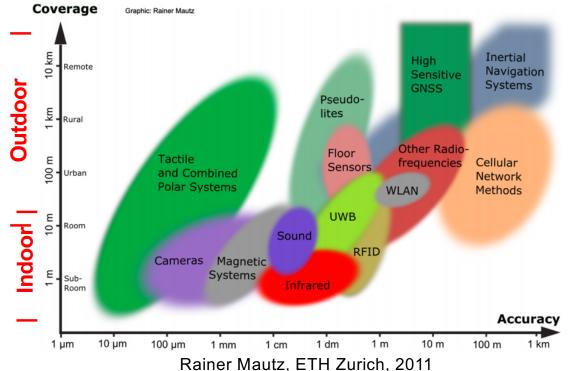


- Is the vision of stand-alone IIS credible or will IIS remain an application of GIS?
 - Growing interest towards more GIS integration, where OGC's IndoorGMI standard, GeoJson.org or any other standard that may appear in the future becomes fully inter-operable.
 - The question here is whether IIS will evolve into independent system software, or whether IIS will continue to be an application of traditional GIS?

- What are the right architectures for IIS?
 - GIS has been founded since their advent on RDBMS (e.g., PostGIS on Postgres, ArcGIS on any DBMS) or even common file system folders.
 - IIS are emerging in an era where the data management landscape has shifted towards big data architectures that are highly parallel and distributed architectures for spatial (e.g., Geospark, SparkGIS, SpatialHadoop), spatiotemporal/timeseries data processing (e.g., DITA) or even document-oriented data processing (e.g., Couchbase) appropriate for Web 2.0 scenarios?

- How does the type of indoor environment change operational requirements of IIS?
 - Indoor environments are obviously very diverse, from conventional building structures (e.g., house, shopping mall, airport, library, hospital), to moving objects (e.g., ships, airplanes, buses), to underground environments (e.g, underground mines).
 - How reusable will IIS become to different application scenarios in the future? Will the trend of application-specific IIS remain the norm (e.g., for navigation, for inventory tracking, etc.)?

 How are different localization technologies complicating the task of managing indoor data?



- What is the role of next generation interactive media technologies to IIS?
 - Augmented Reality
 - Virtual Reality
 - Mixed Reality





- What are the most prominent Privacy and Ethical aspects you see with IIS?
 - IIS can possibly track custodians at a fine granularity even if these never engaged in a given service (e.g., by downloading an app on their smartphone).
 - Is GDPR or other data privacy regulation imposing a requirement for privacy-by-design principles inside the IIS engine (operators, indexes)?

Question 7 & 8

- Q7: What are the killer (top) queries to answer in mobile indoor data analytics?
 - Spatio-Temporal Analytics, Anomaly detection, Association Rule Learning, Clustering, Classification, Privacy Issues. => ideas for PhD students & new synergies/collaborations?
- Q8: Are IIS expected to have a commercial/real impact in the near future?
 - e.g., Manufacturing, Navigation, Marketing and Shopping Analytics, Healthcare, Museums, IoT?
 - Anything bigger?

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Thank You!

